Will Murray's Differential Equations, XIII. Euler equations1

XIII. Euler equations

Lesson Overview

• A differential equation of the form

$$x^2y'' + \alpha xy' + \beta y = 0$$

is called an Euler equation.

• To solve it, solve the characteristic equation for r:

$$r^2 + (\alpha - 1)r + \beta = 0$$

- You might get two real roots, one repeated real root, or two complex conjugate roots.
- Real, distinct roots:

 $y_{\text{gen}} = c_1 x^{r_1} + c_2 x^{r_2}$

• Real, repeated roots:

$$y_{\text{gen}} = c_1 x^{r_1} + c_2 x^{r_1} \ln x$$

• Complex roots: $r_1, r_2 = a \pm bi$

 $y_{\text{gen}} = c_1 x^a \cos\left(\ln x^b\right) + c_2 x^a \sin\left(\ln x^b\right)$

Example I

Find the general solution to the differential equation:

$$x^2y'' - 3xy' + 3y = 0$$

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$$r^{2} - 4r + 3 = 0$$

(r-1)(r-3) = 0 \Longrightarrow r = 1, 3
$$y_{\text{gen}} = \boxed{c_{1}x + c_{2}x^{3}}$$

Example II

Find the general solution to the differential equation:

$$x^2y'' - 7xy' + 16y = 0$$

$$r^{2} - 8r + 16 = 0$$

(r-4)(r-4) = 0 \implies r = 4, 4
$$y_{\text{gen}} = \boxed{c_{1}x^{4} + c_{2}x^{4}\ln x}$$

Example III

Find the general solution to the differential equation:

$$x^2y'' - xy' + 5y = 0$$

$$r^{2} - 2r + 5 = 0 \Longrightarrow r = 1 \pm 2i$$
$$y_{\text{gen}} = \boxed{c_{1}x \cos \ln x^{2} + c_{2}x \sin \ln x^{2}}$$

Example IV

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Find the general solution to the differential equation:

$$x^2y'' - 6xy' + 12y = 0$$

$$r^{2} - 7r + 12 = 0$$

(r-3)(r-4) = 0 \implies r = 3, 4
 $y_{\text{gen}} = \boxed{c_{1}x^{3} + c_{2}x^{4}}$

Example V

Find the general solution to the differential equation:

$$x^2y'' + 5xy' + 4y = 0$$

$$r^{2} + 4r + 4 = 0$$

 $(r+2)(r+2) = 0 \Longrightarrow r = -2, -2$
 $y_{\text{gen}} = \boxed{c_{1}x^{-2} + c_{2}x^{-2}\ln x}$

Example VI

Find the general solution to the differential equation:

$$x^2y'' - 3xy' + 29y = 0$$

$$r^{2} - 4r + 29 = 0 \Longrightarrow r = 2 \pm 5i$$
$$y_{\text{gen}} = \boxed{c_{1}x^{2}\cos\ln x^{5} + c_{2}x^{2}\sin\ln x^{5}}$$